1. ______________ is the method for keeping sensitive information in email communication & accounts secure against unofficial access, loss, or compromise.

a. Email security  
b. Email hacking  
c. Email protection  
d. Email safeguarding

Answer: a

2. ______________ is a famous technological medium for the spread of malware, facing problems of spam, & phishing attacks.

a. Cloud  
b. Pen drive  
c. Website  
d. Email

Answer: d

3. Which of them is not a proper method for email security?

a. Use Strong password  
b. Use email Encryption  
c. Spam filters and malware scanners  
d. Click on unknown links to explore

Answer: d
4. Which of them is an example of grabbing email information?
   
a. Cookie stealing  
b. Reverse engineering  
c. Port scanning  
d. Banner grabbing  

Answer: a

5. Unsolicited Bulk E-mails (UBI) are called __________

   a. SMS  
b. MMS  
c. Spam emails  
d. Malicious emails  

Answer: c

6. Fraudulent email messages are some fake email messages that seem legitimate which ask for your bank details and reply those emails with updated confidential information.

   a. True  
b. False  

Answer: a
7. Fraudulent email messages are some fake email messages that seem legitimate which asks for your confidential bank details such as _____________ details __________ and passwords.

a. credit card, antivirus name  
b. credit card, login ID  
c. cell phone, antivirus name  
d. car model, account ID

Answer: b

8. All of the following are types of intellectual property protection except________.

a. patents.  
b. trademarks.  
c. governance.  
d. copyrights.

Answer: c

9. Which of the following statements about privacy is true?

a. It is a moral right to be left alone.  
b. Only corporations and government need to be concerned about it.  
c. It has only just recently become a concern.  
d. It is most easily obtained on the Internet.

Answer: a
10. Active website is one where business transactions can occur through the website or information can be exchanged to solicit business.
   a. True
   b. False
   Answer: a

11. Passive websites are subject to jurisdiction.
   a. True
   b. False
   Answer: b

12. A passive website is similar to an advertisement.
   a. True
   b. False
   Answer: a

13. A passive website is one that is used to post information for potential customers, but it does not allow for interaction.
   a. True
   b. False
   Answer: a
14. Minimum contacts is a term in law to determine when it is appropriate for a court in one state to assert personal jurisdiction over a defendant from another state.

a. True
b. False

Answer: a

15. The general test for personal jurisdiction is whether the defendant has minimum contacts with the state in question.

a. True
b. False

Answer: a

16. E-Contract is an agreement with

a. Lawful consideration
b. Free consent
c. Without hidden motive
d. All of the above

Answer: d
17. Which is not a type of E-Contract

a. Click wrap  
b. Bubble wrap  
c. Shrink wrap  
d. Browse wrap  

Answer: b

18. E-Contracts are referred as

a. Cyber Contract  
b. Online Contract  
c. Digital Contract  
d. All of the above  

Answer: d

19. _______ contracts are terms and conditions of use that do not require the express agreement of a user.

a. Browse wrap  
b. Shrink wrap  
c. Click wrap  
d. Bubble wrap  

Answer: a
20. ________ contracts are license agreements or other terms and conditions which can only be read and accepted by the consumer after opening the product.

a. Browse wrap  
b. Shrink wrap  
c. Click wrap  
d. Bubble wrap

Answer: b